

# Workshop on Deployment Methodology of 5G for CAM on Cross-Border Corridors

T6.1. Technical Enablers from 5G-MOBIX Cross Border Corridors and Trial Sites

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26<sup>th</sup> March 2021



**5GMOBIX**



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No. 825496.

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# 1. Objectives

## DEPLOYMENT ENABLERS

5G-MOBIX dedicates Work Package 6 “Deployment Enablers” to the analysis of deployment enablers for large scale 5G deployments across major transport corridors

## WHAT IS OUR OBJECTIVE?

The fundamental objective is to ensure the project reaches the highest level of impact on real deployment, business, standardization, regulation and policy making, during and after its lifetime. WP6 plans to contribute to policy making with a set of recommendations to improve uptake of 5G/CCAM.

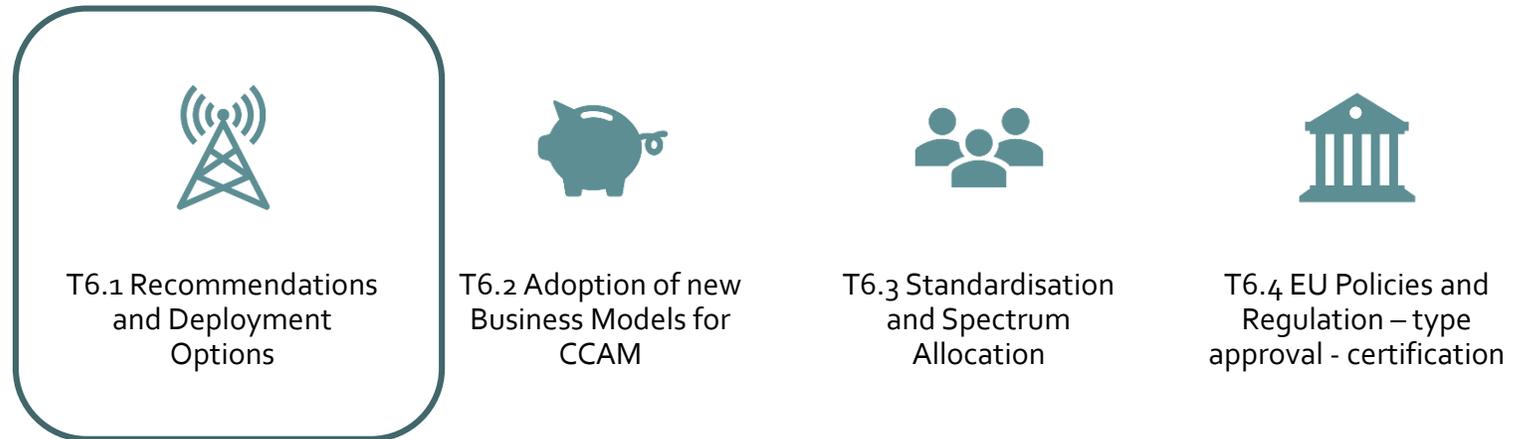


Figure 1: Task breakdown.

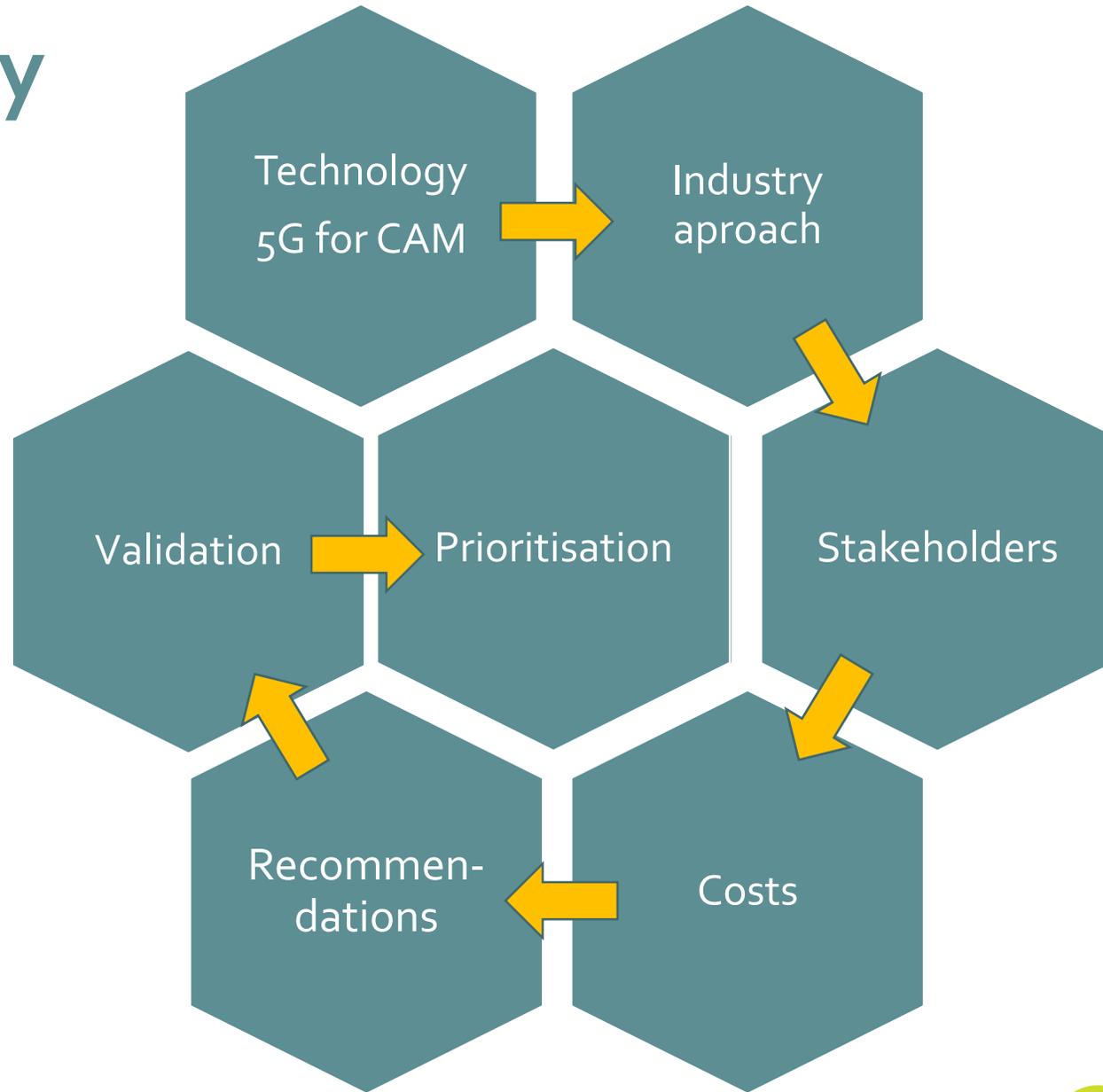
## 2. Task 6.1 Objectives & Main activities

- ***T6.1 Recommendations and deployment options***
- ***Objectives***
  - To demonstrate at a high scale ***how 5G telecommunication infrastructures can be applied to the transport sector*** and contribute to the ***taking to market of concrete services and products*** that are successfully applied to the project use cases – incorporating solutions from external third parties, thus maximizing socio-economic impact beyond the Project.
  - The specific objective of task T6.1 is to contribute to ***the creation of a multiplier effect on project results*** by implementing a two-sided ***recommendation and deployment strategy*** called '***from local-to-project-to-global***'.

## 2. Task 6.1 Objectives & Main activities

- Main Activities:
  - **'From local to project':**
    - 1) Identify *successful innovations in the transport sector at local level*.
    - 2) Promote the *integration of successful innovations coming from external stakeholders into one of the project use cases offering them a large-scale pan-EU showcase* that will contribute to facilitate its take-up and introduction into the market
  - **'From project to global': support the market take-up of concrete innovations and services demonstrated in the project use cases** both to innovation coming from external stakeholders and innovation brought by project partners. This support will be implemented by the establishment of tri-lateral agreements among:
    - **1) Innovators.**
    - **2) Technology adopters/ customers.**
    - **3) Private investors.**
  - Provide **recommendations** and **deployment options** for post-project replication partners as crystallisation points for taking up project results.

# 3. Methodology



# 3.1 Technology

- **Requirements of 5G for CAM:** The 5G Automotive Association (5GAA) published a table with the requirements of 5G for the different cases of use of CCAM/functionalities (some of them yet under discussion).
- Diversity of Use Cases related to CCAM makes it difficult to present general requirements.



- 5G networks seem to be the best networking option due to the following reasons:
  - **5G networks are fully virtualized**, so these networks can be very flexible with many different services and requirements and can take advantage the concept of network slicing to provide different kinds of services of CAM with different requirements.
  - **Applications** can be installed in **any operator network**.
  - The new radio bands allocated for 5G network mobile operators are providing **a lot of capacity that can be used by the CCAM applications**.

UCC Id	UCC Name	Trial Site	US Id
AdDr	Advanced Driving	ES-PT	LaneMerge
		ES-PT	Overtaking
		FR	AssInfrastructure
		NL	CCA
		CN	CloudAssisted
	ES-PT	CoopAutom	
Plat	Vehicles Platooning	GR-TR	SeeWhatISee
		GR-TR	5GPlat
		DE	AssRSU
		CN	AssCloud
ExSe	Extended Sensors	ES-PT	HDMapsVehicle
		ES-PT	HDMapsPublicTransport
		GR-TR	AssBCrossing
		GR-TR	TruckRouting
		DE	EDM
		FI	EdgeProcessing
	NL	CPM	
ReDr	Remote Driving	ES-PT	RCCrossing
		FI	RedundantNE
		NL	5GPositioning
		CN	DataOwnership
		KR	mmWave
QoS	Vehicle QoS Support	ES-PT	MediaPublicTransport
		KR	Tethering

# 3.1 Technology

- In practical terms, the telecommunications infrastructure for the 5G CAM corridor's interconnection rely on the following dimensions:

- Envisioned Scenarios:** critical to dimension the project deployment and targeted deployment cost.

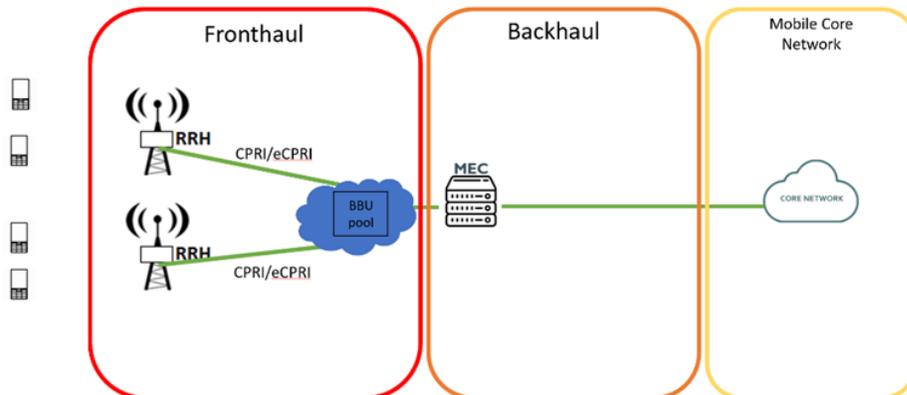
*Minimum scenario*

*Classic scenario*

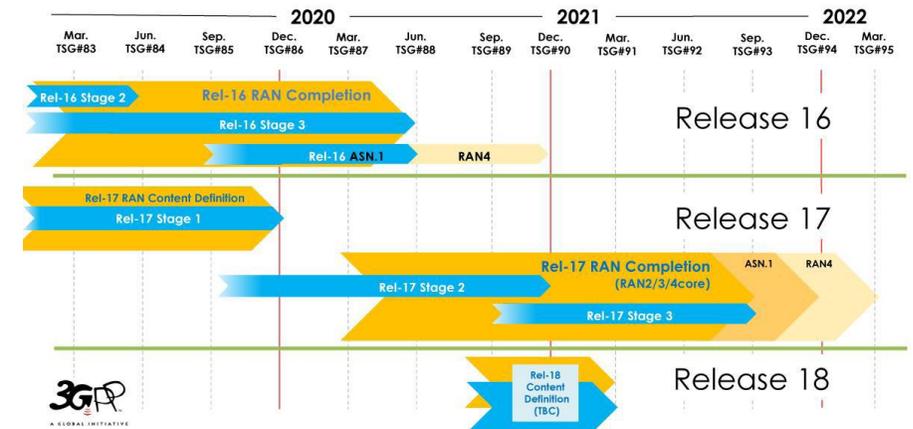
*Breaking scenario*

*Future proof scenario*

- Technology Readiness:** availability of the technology in the border countries and deployment readiness. The current 5G systems, both 5G Core and 5G radio (New Radio, NR) and the User Equipments (UEs), which are being commercially deployed, are based on the 3GPP Release 15 (Rel-15) standard.



- ❖ RAN (Radio Access Network)
- ❖ MEC (Multi-access Edge Computing)
- ❖ 5G Core



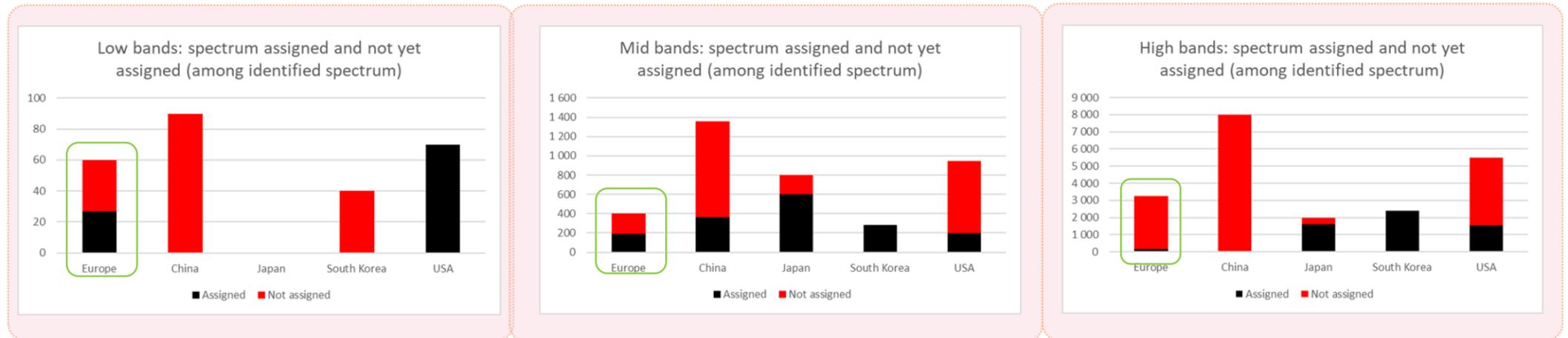
# 3.1. Technology

- **Frequency Availability:** available spectrum in the different countries and impact on massive services deployment.
  - Each spectrum band presents properties which provide different opportunities to balance between throughput, coverage, quality, and latency, as well as reliability and spectral efficiency. The frequency availability for the different operators in different countries could not be synchronized, and the border areas may need specific modems compatibility in case special frequency allocations are required. The allocation of bands to telecommunication operators may also be critical, or even, the radio sites sharing that could be regulated in different regions.

T6.3

International scoreboard (December 2020).

## 5G SPECTRUM



Source: 5G Observatory (IDATE Digiworld)



# 3.1 Technology

- **Agreements between telecommunication operators:** required to implement an efficient and global solution for the automotive market.
  - Two approaches for implementing the sharing of mobile infrastructures: passive and active sharing.
    - ***In passive sharing***, the equipment shared between different mobile operators is limited to the passive network elements such as radio masts, power supplies, cabinets, towers, security alarms, etc.
    - ***Active sharing*** extends the list of shared equipment to include the transport infrastructure (fiber, cables, etc.), baseband processing resources, and potentially the radio spectrum.
  - Cost savings benefits (network operators):
    - ***Passive sharing*** can save up to 16%-35% CAPEX and 16%-35% OPEX.
    - ***Active sharing excluding spectrum*** can save about 33%-35% of CAPEX and 25%-33% of OPEX.
    - ***Active sharing including spectrum*** can save up to 33%-45% of CAPEX and 30%-33% of OPEX.
  - In addition to the previous benefits, other advantages can be associated to Network sharing:
    - ***Environmental benefits:*** reduces energy consumption.
    - ***Customer experience:*** Improvements of quality of the services, better coverage, higher data speed.

## 3.2 Industry Approach



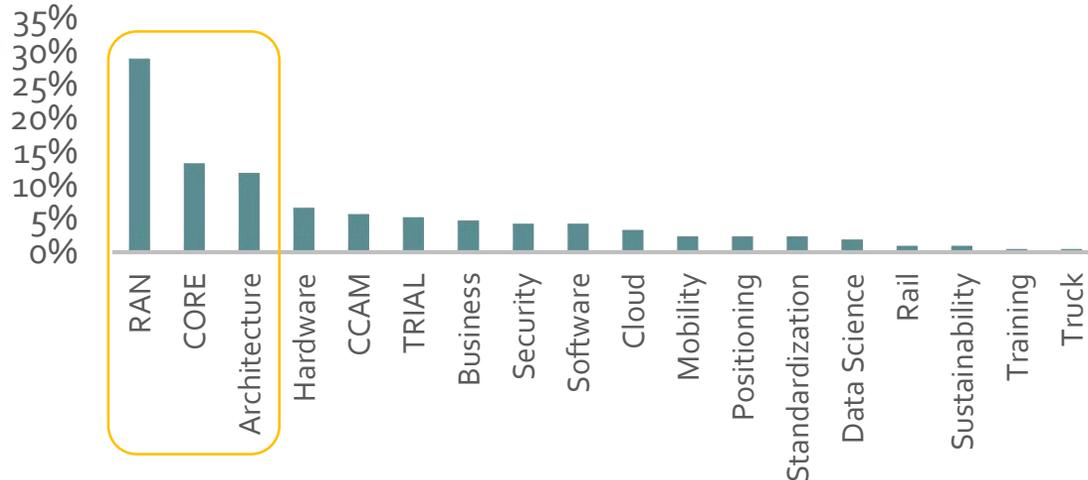
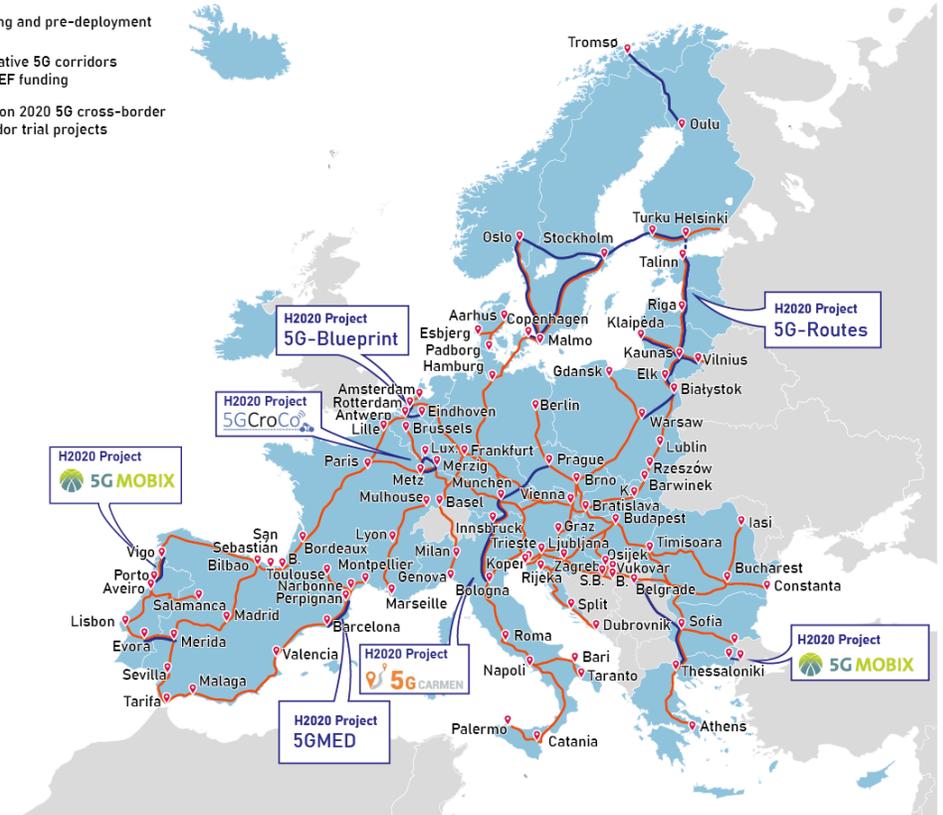
# 3.2 Industry Approach. Projects, fairs and congress

EU current key projects on 5G and CAM.

Project	Country
SCOTT	Austria
5G-DRIVE	Germany
5G-CROCO	Spain
5G-CARMEN	Italy
5G-MOBIX	Belgium
CAMEL	Spain
SHOW	Belgium
5G Routes	Estonia
5G MED	Spain
5G Blue Print	-



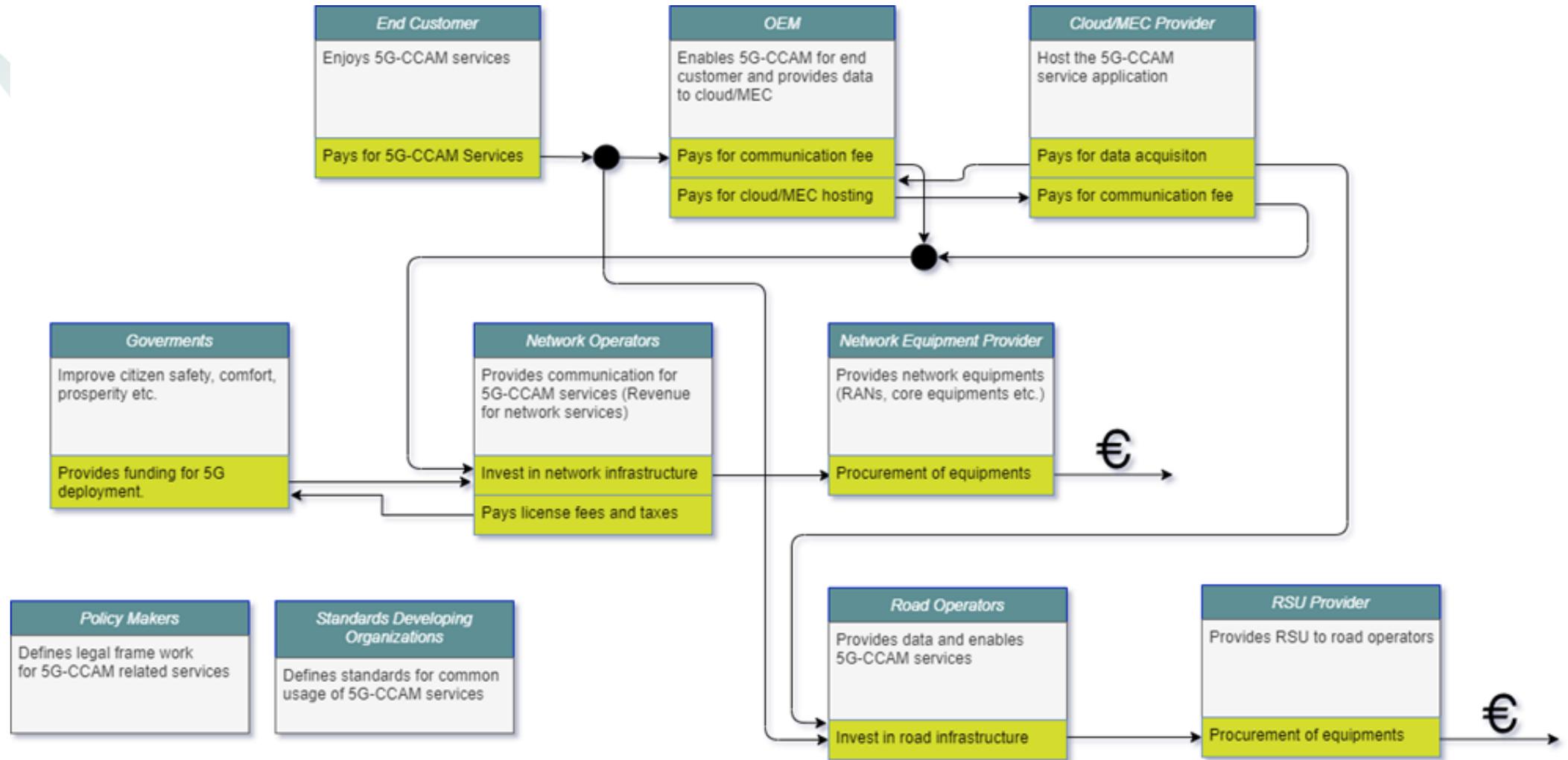
- Testing and pre-deployment
- Indicative 5G corridors for CEF funding
- Horizon 2020 5G cross-border corridor trial projects



European's 5G projects and topics related investments. Source: CORDIS.



# 3.3 Stakeholders



# 3.4 Costs of Deployment of 5G for CAM

Telecommunication related costs		Explanation
CAPEX	Antennas / Feeder	Antennas are mounted on towers and usually require to have nearly uniform patterns in the horizontal plane with shaping in the vertical plane to conserve power. It includes RF front end cost also.
	Transport from Antenna Site	Fibre network to transfer data from antenna to core or MEC etc.
	Network Core Equipment	Core equipment that includes.
	Permits	Permit fees to deploy base station on a specific area.
	Site Civil Works	Civil works to deploy a base station for the first time.
	Labour	Workforces to meet new requirements or maintain connection (software engineers, field engineers etc.).
	Cabinets	A range of enclosures designed for installation of telecommunications equipment inside customers premises. Designed for installation inside telephone exchanges to house standard telecommunication equipment and for mesh doors.
	Spectrum	
	Bare Metal	
	Antenna	
OPEX	Antenna	(applicable).
	Edge cloud cabinet rent & utilities	Costs of edge cloud cabinet rent & utilities.
	Edge cloud operating overhead cost	Costs of Edge cloud operation.
	Edge cloud transport	Costs of Edge cloud transport.
	Edge cloud RAN equipment licensing	Licensing costs.
	Insurances	Cost of insurances.
	Energy costs	kWh necessary * €/kWh.

Telecommunication related costs

CLOUD		Explanation
CAPEX	Server to deploy Cloud applications (ITS CENTER )	kWh consumed annually
	Server to application Broker-M	
OPEX	Cloud Fees	
	Operating	
	Maintenance	Periodic maintenance costs
	Insurances	Required insurances

Cloud related Costs

Automotive OEM Related Cost		Explanation
CAPEX	Sensors	Costs related to all the sensors that need to be installed in the vehicle: cameras, Radars, LIDAR, etc.
	Vehicle architecture modification costs	Costs required for the integration of the previous sensor in the vehicle (body modifications, supports, etc.).
	Modem	5G Modem necessary for the OBU.
	Infotainment	
	Processing E	
	Units	
	Labour	
OPEX	Homologation	
	SW Updates	Periodic software update costs.
	Communications fees	Terrestrial & non terrestrial communications fees (sim card & sat fees).
	HD Map Service Fees and Maintenance Fees	Periodic maintenance fees for the high-definition mapping service.
	Insurances	Required insurances

Automotive OEM related Costs

Road Operators Related Cost		Explanation
CAPEX	Toll Gates	Toll gate costs
	Labour	Cost (Hours) required for full integration road.
	Modem (RSU)	5G Modem Costs for each RSU
	Transport from Equipment	Fibre optic costs
	Sensors (CCTV, Radar etc.)	Road Infrastructure costs
	Site Civil Works	
OPEX	Permits and	
	Operation and work (Hours)	
	Operating overhead	
	Rental costs	Monthly Rental costs for deployment site, e.g. from city authority for a lantern / other public or private installation site on building or roadside
	Electricity fees for site + KWhe consumed	Annual expenditure on electricity consumption.
	Telecommunication costs	Monthly telecommunication costs per site in case of Fixed Wireless Access: 5G contract including sufficient Data plan for uplink / downlink traffic
	Insurances	Required insurances

Road Operator related Costs

# 3.4 Costs of Deployment of 5G for CAM

## 5GPPP Phase 1

Economic Data	Link:
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://flex5gware.eu/">https://flex5gware.eu/</a></li> </ul>
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NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="http://www.cognet.5g-ppp.eu/">http://www.cognet.5g-ppp.eu/</a></li> </ul>
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5g ESSENCE

5g CAR

5G CITY

5G MEDIA

5G-MONARCH

5GPHOS

5G-PICTURE

5GTANTO

5GTRANSFORMER

5GXCAST

5GBLUE SPACE

IoRL

MATILDA

METRO X HAUL

NG PAAS

NRG5

ONE5G

SAT5G

SLICENET

GLOBAL5G

## 5GPPP Phase 2

Economic Data	Link:
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5G EVE

5G VINNI

5GENESIS

5G CROCO

5GCARMEN

5G SOLUTIONS

5G TOURS

5G DRONES

5G HEART

5G GROWTH

5G SMART

5GVICTORI

FULL5G

ARIADNE

5GCLARITY

5G COMPLETE

INSPIRE-5GPLUS

LOCUS

MONB5G

TERAWAY

5GZORRO

5G-DRIVE

PRIMO-5G

## 5GPPP Phase 3

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YES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://www.5gsolutionsproject.eu/">https://www.5gsolutionsproject.eu/</a></li> <li>Economic data: <a href="https://www.5gsolutionsproject.eu/wp-content/uploads/2020/02/D8.1A-Market-assessment-technology-monitoring-v1.0_v1.1_NURO.pdf">https://www.5gsolutionsproject.eu/wp-content/uploads/2020/02/D8.1A-Market-assessment-technology-monitoring-v1.0_v1.1_NURO.pdf</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="http://5gtours.eu/">http://5gtours.eu/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://5gdrones.eu/">https://5gdrones.eu/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://5gheart.org/">https://5gheart.org/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="http://5ggrowth.eu/">http://5ggrowth.eu/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://5gsmart.eu/">https://5gsmart.eu/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://www.5g-victori-project.eu/">https://www.5g-victori-project.eu/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: N/A.</li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://www.ict-ariadne.eu/">https://www.ict-ariadne.eu/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://www.5gclarity.com/">https://www.5gclarity.com/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: N/A.</li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://www.inspire-5gplus.eu/">https://www.inspire-5gplus.eu/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://www.locus-project.eu/">https://www.locus-project.eu/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: -N/A.</li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://ict-teraway.eu/">https://ict-teraway.eu/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://www.5gzorro.eu/5gzorro/">https://www.5gzorro.eu/5gzorro/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://5g-drive.eu/">https://5g-drive.eu/</a></li> </ul>
NO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Web: <a href="https://primo-5g.eu/">https://primo-5g.eu/</a></li> </ul>

# 3.4 Costs of Deployment of 5G for CAM

Telecom Related Cost	Project	5G Norma.	Metis II.	Charisma.	5G CAR	5G City	5G Monarch	5G Picture	
CAPEX	Antennas Feeder	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Antennas: From £250 (Small cell) to 7200 (Macrocell)</li> <li>Feeder, install, test and commission costs per site: From £700 to £4400</li> <li>RF front end: From part of integrated active equipment to £24k (for 3 sectors).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>13000€: 5G outdoor small cell including all related cost (integrated antenna, router, security gateway, site related costs, backhauling (a mixer of optical fibre and Microwave)).</li> <li>5000€: 5G indoor hotspot small cell including all related cost (integrated antenna, router, Security gateway, inch, site related costs, backhauling (a mixer of optical fibre and Microwave)).</li> <li>30000€: mm Wave 5G outdoor cell on existing small cell site.</li> <li>8000€: mm Wave 5G indoor cell on existing small cell site.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4,000€: Small Cell.</li> <li>40,000€: Macro Cell.</li> </ul>					
	Transport From Antenna Site		4,000 €: A new backhaul link for outdoor small cell.						
	Network Core Equipment				5G Site: (CAPEX (40K€))		48% (servers)		
	Permits								
	Site Civil Works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>46,200: Macrocell (3 sectors)</li> <li>46,200: Small cell (2 sector small cell)</li> <li>4,800: Picocell (1 sector mm Wave small cell)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>15000€: Small Cell Site: civil works, connection to utilities, etc.</li> <li>20000€: Macro Cell Site: upgrades needed to host the new equipment.</li> </ul>		Digital Infrastructure (CAPEX): 35K€/km	Investment costs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>45% - Server</li> <li>25% - Small Cells</li> <li>13% GPUS</li> <li>6% - Switches</li> </ul>			
	Labour								
	Cabinets					Fibre (CAPEX): 200€/km	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3% - Micro servers</li> <li>2% - Air conditioning</li> <li>2% - Racks</li> <li>1% - UPS</li> <li>2% - Cables</li> </ul>	5%	
	Spectrum costs			12,000 €: Adding an additional frequency (non mm Wave) band to an installed 5G macro base station.		OPEX: 27,5K€/km/year			
	Bare Metal								
	Edge cloud CAPEX		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fixed costs for initial set up of an installation at edge cloud site: 10,100 €.</li> <li>Costs include power supply distribution boards, sockets, lighting, enclosure, overhead racking and cabling.</li> <li>Fixed costs to set up a cabinet/rack at the edge cloud site: 21,400 €</li> <li>Includes power distribution, Air Conditioning set-up, space set-up, AC distribution and cabinet.</li> <li>Fixed costs per server 6,500 € (Maximum of 26 servers per cabinet).</li> <li>Assumes 35% discount. This is equivalent to just under £490/installed core (for a fully equipped cabinet))</li> </ul>						
Base station (*)			(*) 55000 €: 5G macro base station on an existing site, including 5G BS, embedded SW, installation, new MIMO antennas and infrastructure adaptation.		Inter-site-distance (ISD): 1 km				

Telecom Related Cost	Project	5G Norma.	Metis II.	Charisma.	5G CAR	5G City	5G Monarch	5G Picture
OPEX	Antenna Maintenance Visits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Macrocell: 10% of Active Equipment / 10% of the RF front end cost.</li> <li>Small Cell: 25% of Active Equipment</li> <li>Picocell 25% of Active Equipment</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10% Operation &amp; maintenance, including SW licenses (10% of CAPEX)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>800€/month [Small cell site: Monthly rent and utilities cost]</li> <li>4,000€/month [Macro cell site: Monthly rent and utilities cost]</li> </ul>				
	Antenna site rental	From 1K€ (picocell, small cell) to 20K€ (Macrocell)	800 € (Average macro site rental per year)					
	Site updates		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3000€: Upgrade 5G outdoor small cell to 2 bands including all related costs.</li> <li>2000€: Upgrade 5G indoor small cell to 2 bands including all related cost)</li> </ul>					
	Edge cloud cabinet rent & utilities							
	Edge cloud operating overhead cost	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Server (nominal) cost 10,000 €</li> <li>Transport: 1550 €</li> </ul>						
	Edge cloud transport	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standing charges / edge cloud: 6,300 €</li> <li>Site rent and utilities/cabinet: 6,600 €</li> </ul>						
	Edge cloud RAN equipment licensing							
	Insurances							
	Energy costs			600 € (Annual macro site energy cost, 5G part)				

\* Total yearly CAPEX (Power?) 4297179 €/y

# 3.4 Costs of Deployment of 5G for CAM

Deployment costs and assumptions for 5G V2X Deployment			MINIMUM 5G Scenario	CLASSIS 5G Scenario	BREAKING 5G Scenario	FUTURE PROOF 5G Scenario
			1 Mbps guaranteed bitrate in Highly traffic period	2 Mbps guaranteed bitrate in Highly traffic period	30 Mbps Average guaranteed bitrate Normal Conditions	100 Mbps Average guaranteed bitrate Normal Conditions
Deployment costs	5G site (CAPEX)	64.000 € per site	90.000€			
	Civil works (CAPEX)	20.500 € per site	17.000€/km (*3)	24.000€/km (*3)	70.000€/km (*3)	181.000€/km (*3)
	Fibre backhaul (CAPEX)	23.000 € per site	12.000€/km (*2)	12.000€/km (*2)	19.000€/km (*2)	19.000€/km (*2)
	Network operation (OPEX)	10 % of CAPEX	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Site lease (OPEX)	5.700 € per site	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Area and capacity demand	Inter-site-distance (ISD)	1 km	≈4km	≈3km	≈1km	≈0,4km
	Number of vehicles	50.000 Vehicles/100km/day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Deployment rate	Connectivity costs for CAM	0,5 € per 100 km	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Network deployment rate	55 % for year 1 for coverage	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		5 % for year 2 to 10 for capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Fibre deployment rate	80% year 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
20 % year 2		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Yearly penetration rate	10 % from year 1 to 10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Costs evolution	CAPEX yearly price evolution	-3 % from year 1 to 10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	OPEX yearly price evolution	3% from year 1 to 10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## RSU Costs

CAPEX Cost element	Cost per device (EUR)	MINIMUM 5G Scenario	CLASSIS 5G Scenario	BREAKING 5G Scenario	FUTURE PROOF 5G Scenario
Hardware	3500	5 k€	5000	20000	20000
Installation	1000				
Design & planning	2700 (60% of hardware and installation costs)				
Interdistance	[300m-1km]	3 km		2 km	
<b>Total CAPEX</b>	<b>7200</b>	<b>5000</b>	<b>5000</b>	<b>20000</b>	<b>20000</b>
OPEX Cost element	Yearly cost per device (EUR)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Power	20	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maintenance	225	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Security	40	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Annualized replacement cost (over ten years)	250	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Total OPEX</b>	<b>735</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>

## Sources:

- 5GPPP, "5G PPP Automotive Working Group «Business Feasibility Study for 5G V2X Deployment» pp. 7, version 2.," February 2019.
- "5G for Cooperative Connected and Automated Mobility.," in 9th ETSI ITS Workshop. , Berlin, 7 March 2018.
- 5GAA, "CITS Vehicle to infrastructure Services: how C-V2X technology completely changes the cost equation for road operators. White Paper."

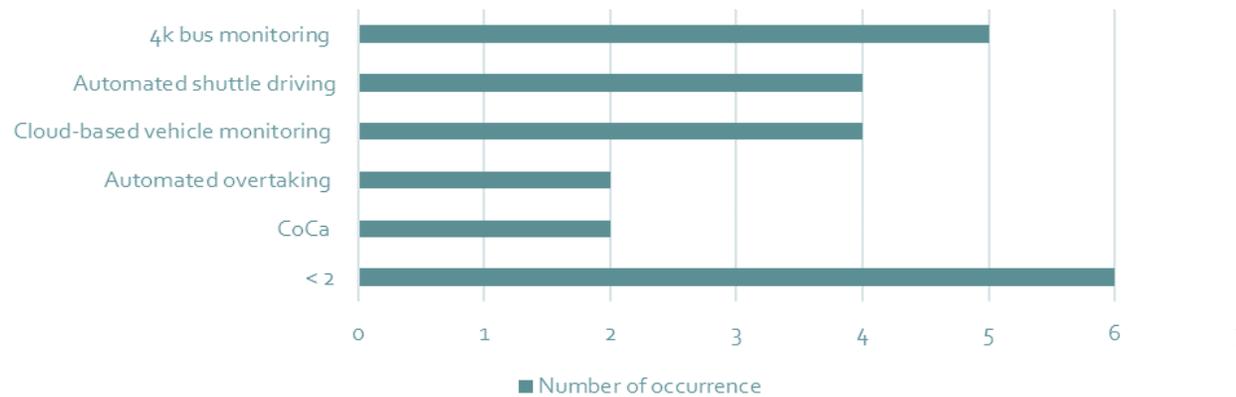


# 4. From "Local to Project"

- **Step 1:** Identification of successful innovations (self-assessment). Preliminary list of successful innovations in the transport sector at local level.

- 43 entries

Can this local innovation benefit 5G-MOBIX?



- **Step 2:** Identification of successful innovations (extended assessment → Next Steps).
  - Scoring and integration of successful innovations into one of the project's use-cases.

Watcher (5G-MOBIX partner)	Name (if applicable)	Type (Project, patent, product, etc.)	Location (country)	Purpose (what are the key interests and benefits of innovation?)	Can this local innovation benefit 5G-MOBIX?	Can 5G-MOBIX solutions benefit this local innovation?
INTRA	-	Policy	Germany	Germany opens the way to industrial partners for private 5G licenses <a href="https://5gobservatory.eu/german-authorities-opened-process-for-private-5g-licences/">https://5gobservatory.eu/german-authorities-opened-process-for-private-5g-licences/</a>		
INTRA	-	Trial	Denmark	Telia, Nokia and Telenor complete first 5G MOCN deployment illustrating how infrastructure sharing can be used <a href="https://www.telecomtv.com/content/5g/nordic-telcos-get-together-on-5g-with-mocn-trial-37922/">https://www.telecomtv.com/content/5g/nordic-telcos-get-together-on-5g-with-mocn-trial-37922/</a>		
CTAG	1st 5G cross border data connection	Demo	Spain	Optimization of multimedia content download under roaming context	Yes, 4K bus monitoring	
CTAG	5G Andaluía Pilot	Project	Spain	Optimization of multimedia process in Malaga bus <a href="https://www.piloto5g.es/">https://www.piloto5g.es/</a>		
CTAG	5G Connected Ambulance	Project	Spain	Remote medical support by in real time HD video <a href="https://5gbarcelona.org/conectada-5g/">https://5gbarcelona.org/conectada-5g/</a>		
CTAG	5G Connected Car, SEAT	Project	Spain	Driving safety and efficiency providing info on VRU information. <a href="https://5gbarcelona.org/conectado-5g/">https://5gbarcelona.org/conectado-5g/</a>		
CTAG	5G Galicia Pilot	Project	Spain	Driving safety improve existing traffic events entering and weather exiting. <a href="https://piloto5ggalicia.es/">https://piloto5ggalicia.es/</a>		
CTAG	5G Technological Cities, Telefonica	Project	Spain	Multimedia download context (shuttle) <a href="https://www.saladeprensa/np_primer_lla">https://www.saladeprensa/np_primer_lla</a>		
FRAUN	5G-AUTOSAT	Project	Germany	Using 5G-New Radio different automotive use autonomous driving, v <a href="https://www.dlr-innosprojekte/5g-autosat/">https://www.dlr-innosprojekte/5g-autosat/</a>		
VTT	5G-DRIVE	project	Finland, China	C-ITS messages over P <a href="https://5g-drive.eu/">https://5g-drive.eu/</a>		
LIST	5G-EMIT	Project	Luxembourg	EMF monitoring platform deployment initiatives		
CCG	Anpeb	Public	CCG, University of Minho	To evaluate VRU (pedestrian crosswalks).		

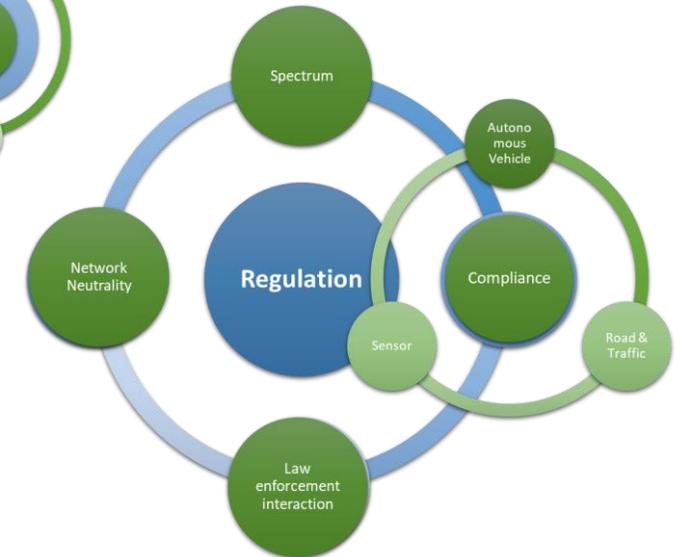
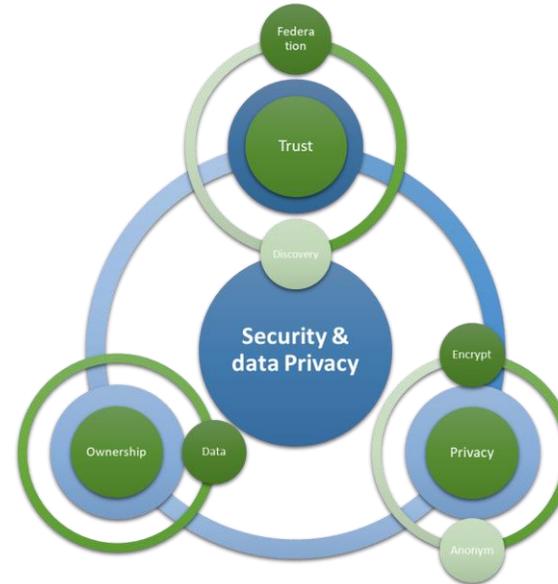
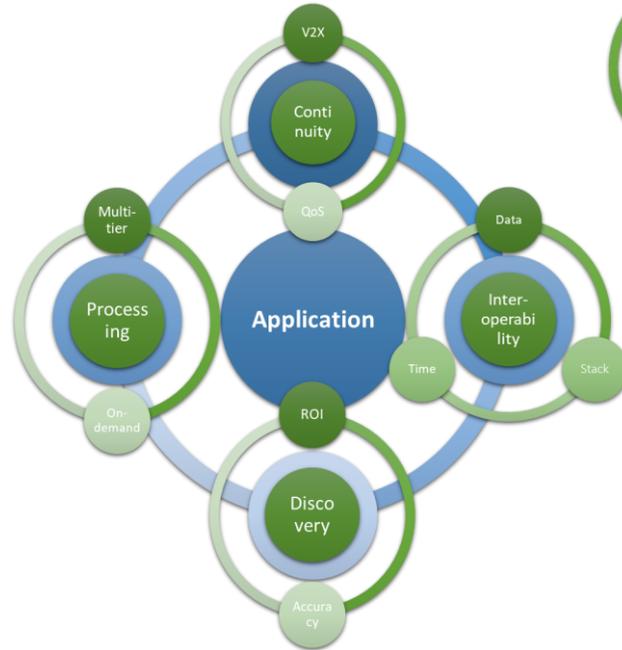
  

UCC Id	UCC Name	Trial Site	US Id
AdDr	Advanced Driving	ES-PT	LaneMerge
		ES-PT	Overtaking
		FR	AssInfrastructure
		NL	CCA
		CN	CloudAssisted
Plat	Vehicles Platooning	ES-PT	CoopAutom
		GR-TR	SeeWhatSee
		GR-TR	5GPlat
		DE	AssRSU
		CN	AssCloud
ExSe	Extended Sensors	ES-PT	HDMapsVehicle
		ES-PT	HDMapsPublicTransport
		GR-TR	AssBCrossing
		GR-TR	TruckRouting
		DE	EDM
ReDr	Remote Driving	FI	EdgeProcessing
		NL	CPM
		ES-PT	RCCrossing
		FI	RedundantNE
		NL	5GPositioning
QoS	Vehicle QoS Support	CN	DataOwnership
		KR	mmWave
		ES-PT	MediaPublicTransport
		KR	Tethering

## 5. From “Project to Global”

- Step 1: establishment of tri-lateral agreements → Preliminary list of agreements will be presented in D6.5 in M44.
- Step 2: provide recommendations and deployment options for opening the door to post-project extensions and replications

# 5. From "Project to Global" Challenges. CB Issues



# 5. From "Project to Global"

## Initial Recommendations

ID	Issue name	Recommendations
L1	Lack of unified regulation about traffic rules	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identification and development of legal instruments, additional to spectrum management, that are necessary to provide an appropriate legal framework that provides the legal certainty required to facilitate the investments necessary for the deployment of 5G technologies.</li> <li>Define requirements and potential needs for the deployment and function on public roads.</li> <li>Develop different design strategies depending on the use case.</li> <li>Enable the transition in the most efficient way possible to the infrastructure (markings, road signs, layout, etc.)</li> </ul>
L2	Liability of MEC applications for CCAM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under discussion</li> </ul>
L3	Responsibility of Vehicle Control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With a regulation, collision avoidance responsibilities can be separated between vehicle and infrastructure.</li> </ul>
L4	Consideration of constraints related to 5G/EMF emission limits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>See L7.</li> </ul>
L5	Networks densification implications for regulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under discussion</li> </ul>
L6	Lengthy engagement and procurement exercises	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under discussion</li> </ul>
L7	Human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields (EMF)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Where new antennas are added, all regulatory requirements should be applied during the deployment phase to respond to any public concern.</li> <li>Important to include national authorities at the local level to assess and monitor the exposure levels.</li> <li>Limits are more restrictive than those of the International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP).</li> </ul>
L8	Wireless operators may not have the right to install small cell or radio apparatus onto street furniture such as lampposts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Policy-makers that offer streamlined and efficient procedures to benefit the most from the innovation and economic growth.</li> </ul>
L9	Net neutrality	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under discussion.</li> </ul>
L10	Not optimized access to spectrum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to localised spectrum is more likely to be available in different areas, however there is a need for a more compatible with localised solutions. Relative to the centralized and distributed infrastructure after the 5G deployment.</li> </ul>
L11	Approval by regulatory authorities Harmonized regulatory framework for CCAM application within the EU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A regulatory framework for 5G CCAM application harmonized at least on a European level - ideally on a global level.</li> </ul>

73 Recommendations:

- Legal
- Deployment
- Data Quality-Validity
- Data Property Management
- Application and interoperability
- Fixed On-Board infrastructure
- Cybersecurity recommendations

GOLD recommendations (22 to 25)

ID	Issue name	Recommendations
DPM1	Data Barriers: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Combating GDPR fragmentation</li> <li>Combined use of AI, automation and responsible analytics</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The organizational level of coordination is critical for CCAM/5G applications.</li> <li>The type of data sharing is critical.</li> <li>The model of data sharing is critical.</li> </ul>
DPM2	Responsible AI: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The impact of using AI for data analysis needs to be determined</li> <li>Data quality needs to be assured</li> <li>Accountability &amp; Transparency</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recent efforts in AI methodology development could be leveraged for CCAM/5G applications.</li> <li>Algorithmic development also addresses the need for responsible AI.</li> </ul>
DPM3	Open Data Sharing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standardised data access, use of open data and ensuring data quality</li> <li>Anonymisation on-the-fly</li> <li>Access to a data economy/platform.</li> <li>Data Sharing among public and private actors.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The multi-stakeholder approach is critical for the development of products and services.</li> <li>Data Proxies' standards should be developed to facilitate data sharing among public and private actors.</li> </ul>
DPM4	Source platforms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The data governance and security requirements for platforms, which will allow the development of new services.</li> <li>Well defined framework (policy and regulation) is needed to encourage the different parties (including services users) to share their data. As data sharing has a significant impact on privacy and security, policies and rules are needed to ensure appropriate use of the shared data.</li> </ul>

ID	Issue name	Recommendations
Ala	V2X Continuity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"Fail safe" strategy for critical applications so that connectivity failures may cause accidents or safety issues.</li> <li>Proactive: Known events communication in handover areas.</li> <li>Extrapolation of trajectory of "lost" vehicles.</li> </ul>
Alb	Dynamic QoS Continuity	
Alc	Data Interoperability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Defining a "Master ITS centre" to Conflict resolution techniques for DENM/CCAM messages.</li> <li>Push for standardized data formats / APIs.</li> <li>Transition SW into single format for border areas.</li> <li>3rd party reference clock.</li> <li>Pro-active clock drift compensation based on analytics.</li> </ul>
	Stack Interoperability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under discussion.</li> </ul>
	Time Interoperability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under discussion.</li> </ul>
	Accurate Geo-Positioning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under discussion.</li> </ul>
	Geo-driven Discovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Coordinated geo-distribution mechanisms among network components, RSI and MEC between countries.</li> <li>Single digital image of the cross-border environment.</li> <li>Enhanced positioning accuracy via differential GPS and camera/radar relative positioning.</li> <li>Proactive pre-allocation of resources in new spectrum.</li> </ul>
	Real-time Multi-tier Processing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under discussion.</li> </ul>
	On-demand Processing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under discussion.</li> </ul>
	Service Specifications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Under discussion.</li> </ul>
	MNO agreements for edge computing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open standards and EC-level agreements to encourage the implementation of MEC solutions</li> </ul>
	State transition between MECs for stateful Applications when crossing the border	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harmonized application level solution needed (ideally following indications from ETSI/5G MEC)</li> </ul>
	KPI measurement synchronization across different components and across neighbouring 5G networks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Common clock reference, such as GPS timing, might be a solution but it is not always possible as low tier/low-cost devices may not be capable for this.</li> </ul>
	Dependability requirements of CCAM services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fault-prevention and fault-tolerance mechanisms, for instance redundant 5G networks, are typically employed to ensure such high dependability requirements. In order to prove the correct operation of the system, fault-injection procedures may be employed to shorten the testing and verification period.</li> </ul>
	Fallback in case of network outage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fall-back to 4G or national roaming</li> </ul>
	Dimensioning of critical V2X communications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Priority mechanisms in case of congestion of the V2X slice using different classes for the most critical communication scenarios.</li> </ul>
	Quicker network handover as cross-border scenarios	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RAN configuration of neighbours between cross border cells should be defined in order to reduce interruption time during Handover procedure. Requires interconnection (Sx interface) between the Home Operator and the Visited Operator.</li> </ul>
	URLLC V2X traffic classification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standardization of CCAM traffic profiles that defined which critical traffic should be mapped on URLLC slice and non-critical on eMBB or mMTC slices.</li> </ul>
	Coordinated V2X Sidelink resources among operators across borders	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To ensure the continuity of V2X services, not only the frequency bands used need to be coordinated, but also the Sidelink Resource pools are defined. This could be achieved by having one universally coordinated resource pool dedicated in both the SIB or the dedicated RRC configuration for cases of potential communication with vehicles operated by another mobile operator.</li> </ul>

considered at each level of the value transport infrastructure including the protection of users' privacy and

penetration testing) by measures (e.g. effects on latency,

al EU-level approaches, agreements

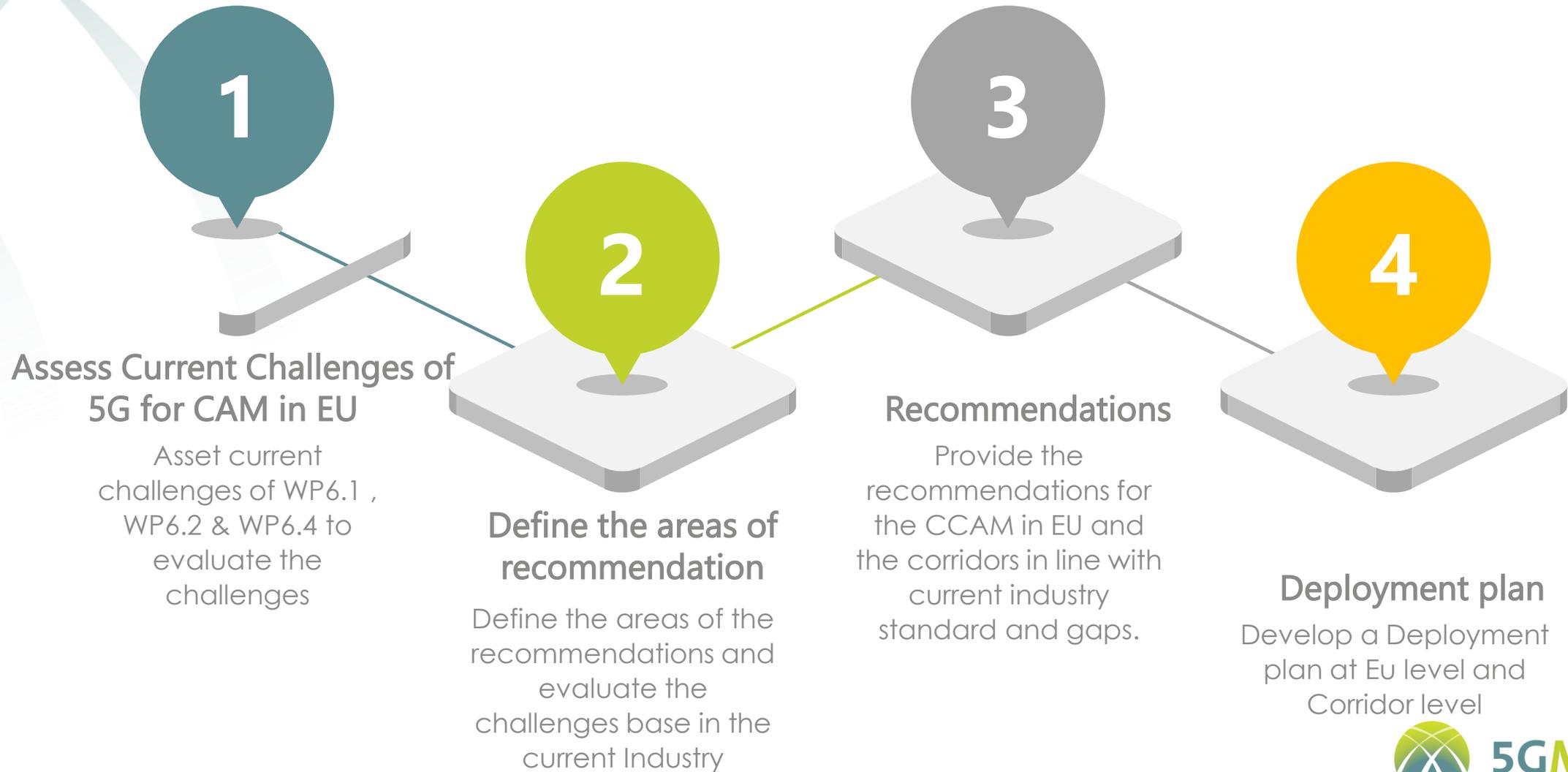
ncy, availability of communication a minimum quality of service (QoS) nation.

est security tools like firewalls and (DoS) detection to ensure the network is secure from DDoS attacks so that 5G services are not interrupted with zero interruption. This includes threat modelling, which allows to map the network's vulnerabilities and provide the right countermeasures, reinforcing thinking like an attacker in order to stop them.



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# 5. From “Project to Global” New Recommendations Approach

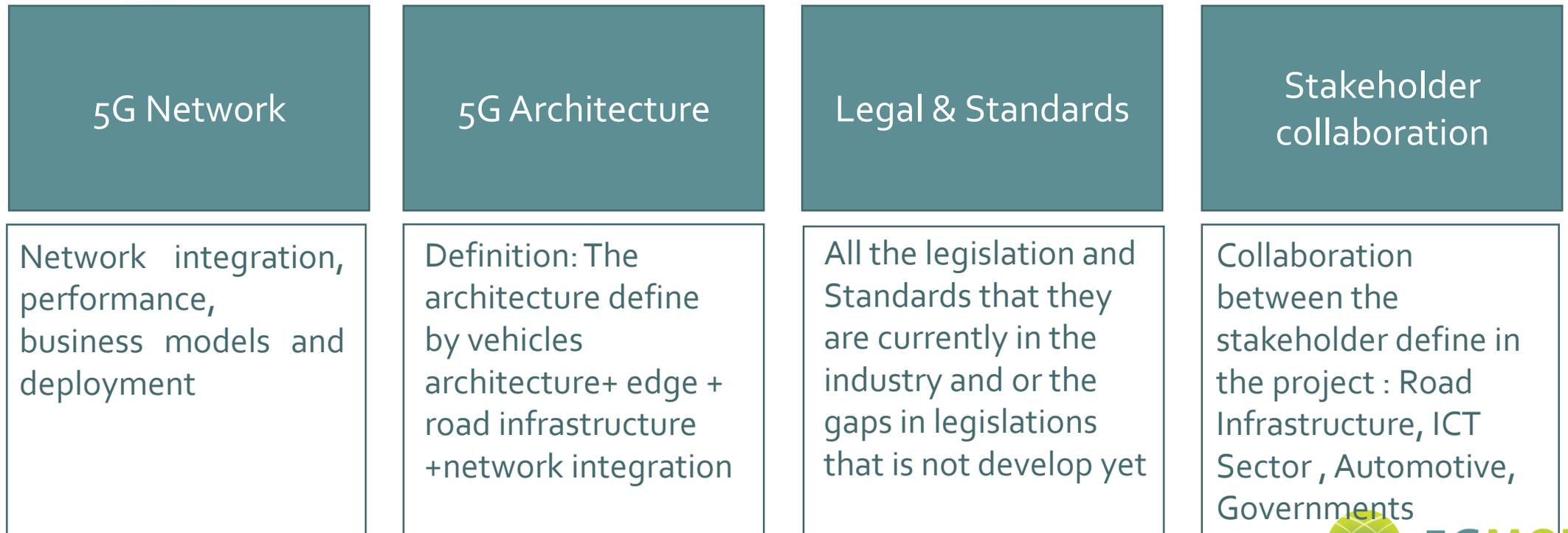


# 5. From “Project to Global”

## Assess Current Challenges and define areas of Recommendations

AEVAC has review the challenges from T6.1, T6.2 , T6.4 to assess the issues and categorise to understand the areas of recommendations.

After the review we can conclude that most of the challenges can be group in fours main areas of recommendation.



# 5. From “Project to Global”

## Recommendations Status

Using this four areas of recommendation AEVAC has review all the challenges /Issues be can conclude :

- All the challenge/issues are 80% common between the T6.1, T6.2 and T6.4
- Base in our estimations we expected to have between 22 to 25 golden recommendations for WP6

	5G Architecture ( Vehicles & Network )	Stakeholder Collaboration	Legal & Standars	Network &V2X	Total
WP6 Recommendations	5	5	4	5	19
Expected Recomendations	Base in our estimations we expected to have between 22 to 25 golden				

# 6. Results expected

Areas	ID	Issue name	Geog. Scope	Short description	Recommendations	Recommendations
5G Architecture Issues	DEP6	Resource migration solutions	ALL	There is a lack of open solution to guarantee the migration of edge resources assigned to vehicles.	Holistic architecture offering edge capabilities across MNOs, countries and network/security domains	<p>Resilience in the 5G architecture need to be guaranteed to enable a minimum of 80% of connectivity coverage to have a secure and safe handover between different borders and the vehicle architecture could be have in a secure way to handle the hand over. In order to achieve this the architecture need to be designed following the INCOSE standards of a supersystems, the stakeholders has to be collaborate in the definition of the architecture and their requirements and design an specific validation and verifications process base in the (ISO 26262) standards as well as the recommendations provide in the standards section regulated with Data and Cybersecurity. Also each systems Vehicles + edge_ + digital infrastructure need to be designed to allow them to work independently of each other in the cases that there a failure occur in the systems. So the systems need to work as a whole as well as an individual software components. A traceability mechanism to understand the event management and prioritization would need to be developed for the the road users , governments and MVNO to assess the handovers .</p>
5G Architecture Issues	DEP7	Orchestration and allocation of resources in mobile scenarios	ALL	Need for solutions offering orchestration and resource allocation through different computing domains and using locally available network resources in mobile scenarios such as CCAM.	Holistic and/or distributed architecture coping with mobility, security and QoS required in CCAM	
5G Architecture Issues	AI13	KPI measurement synchronization across different components and across neighbouring 5G networks	ALL	Absolute clock synchronization of OBUs, RSUs, 5G network, sensors, etc. for accurately measuring KPIs (e.g. to estimate the E2E latency and break it down to its components the OBUs and the network need to be synchronized. Problem intensifies when communicating across the borders as MNOs may have different synch clocks.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Common clock reference, such as GPS timing, might be a solution but it is not always possible as low tier/low-cost devices may not be capable for this.</li> </ul>	
5G Architecture Issues	AI15	Fallback in case of network outage	ALL	A standard to regulate OBU behaviour is required in case of network outage. In case of network outage, a set of basic rules must be defined to module OBU behaviour, especially when the vehicle interacts with other vehicles. A lack of a fallback rules can lead to critical events between autonomous vehicles.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fall-back to 4G or national roaming</li> </ul>	
5G Architecture Issues	AI & CCAM5	Dependability requirements of CCAM services	ALL	In order to provide trustworthy operation of connected autonomous vehicles, very high levels of reliability and availability are required both in the 5G network, as well as in the vehicle, road and cloud infrastructure systems. For that purpose, extensive testing needs to be performed, so that it can be guaranteed the provision of continuous and failure-free service provided by 5G applications.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fault-prevention and fault-tolerance mechanisms, for instance redundant 5G networks, are typically employed to ensure such high dependability requirements. In order to prove the correct operation of the system, fault-injection procedures may be employed to shorten the testing and verification period.</li> </ul>	

# 7. Next Steps

## Validation

The recommendations need to be in line with some of the current activities that the industry is currently working on.

Before start to write the recommendation the AEVAC team has started a initial research and discussion with Industry experts in the in the following areas:

5G Network



5G Architecture

Series of Interviews with industry experts in the deployment of the technology

Legal & Standards



Stakeholder collaboration

Series of Interviews with experts in international projects (USA & China )

# 7. Next Steps.

## Prioritisation. WIP Evaluation Criteria.



### STAKEHOLDERS

Impact in the major stakeholders of the project \* WP6.4) : Road infrastructure, Network Operators, MVNOs, Automotive OEMs, Local and National governments and EU



### IMPACT IN EU

We would evaluate the impact in four areas Technical, Deployment, competitive value and business value



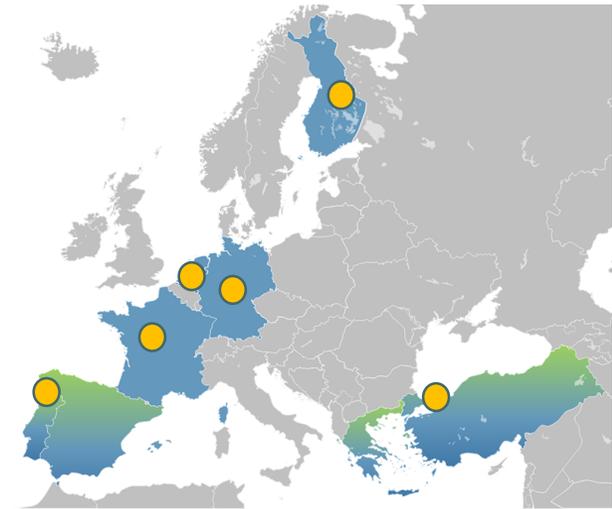
### CRITICALITY

Base in the industry deployment of 5G how time critical is this recommendations to remain competitive



### LIFECYCLE COST & ROI

Cost of Acquisition and Utilization of the recommendation and the potential ROI bas in the current market



# Thank you



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This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No. 825496.